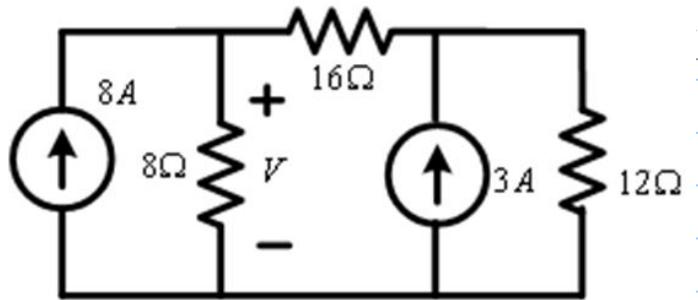
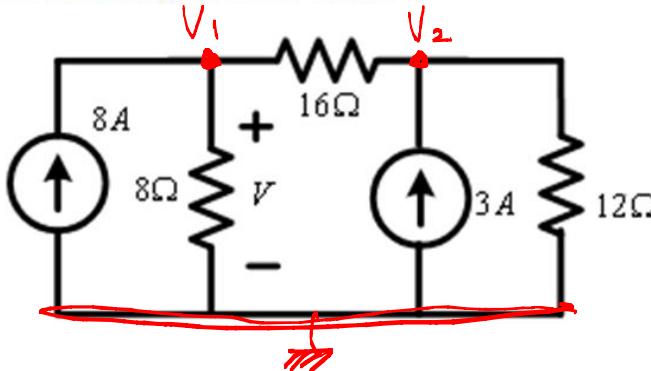


Tentukan  $V$  dengan analisis node !



Tentukan  $V$  dengan analisis node !



Node  $V_1$  :

$$\frac{V_1 - 0}{8} + \frac{V_1 - V_2}{16} - 8 = 0$$

$$2V_1 + V_1 - V_2 - 128 = 0$$

$$3V_1 - V_2 = 128 \dots (1)$$

Node  $V_2$  :

$$\frac{V_2 - 0}{12} + \frac{V_2 - V_1}{16} - 3 = 0$$

$$4V_2 + 3V_2 - 3V_1 - 144 = 0$$

$$-3V_1 + 7V_2 = 144 \dots (2)$$

$$\begin{cases} 3V_1 - V_2 = 128 \\ -3V_1 + 7V_2 = 144 \end{cases}$$

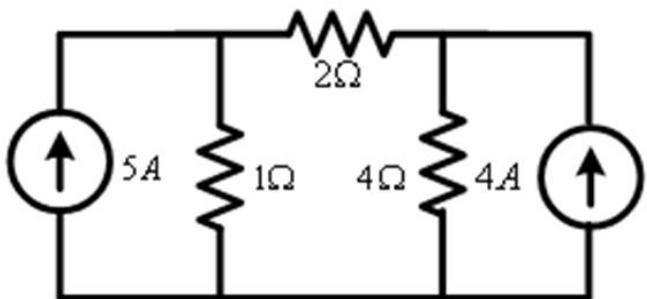
$$\begin{array}{l} \times 7 \\ \times 1 \end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 21V_1 - 7V_2 = 896 \\ -3V_1 + 7V_2 = 144 \end{array} +$$

$$18V_1 = 1040$$

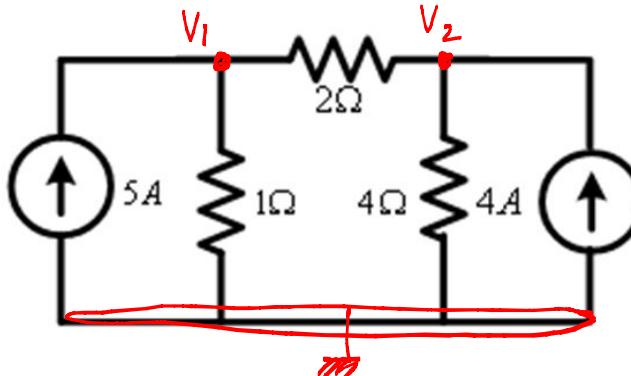
$$V_1 = 57,8$$

$$\Rightarrow V = V_1 - 0 = 57,8 \text{ V}$$

Tentukan arus pada 2 Ohm analisis node !



Tentukan arus pada 2 Ohm analisis node !



Node V<sub>1</sub>:

$$\frac{V_1 - 0}{1} + \frac{V_1 - V_2}{2} - 5 = 0$$

$$2V_1 + V_1 - V_2 - 10 = 0$$

$$3V_1 - V_2 = 10 \dots (1)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3V_1 - V_2 = 10 \\ -2V_1 + 3V_2 = 16 \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \times 3 \\ \times 1 \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 9V_1 - 3V_2 = 30 \\ -2V_1 + 3V_2 = 16 \end{array} +$$

Node V<sub>2</sub>:

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{2} + \frac{V_2 - 0}{4} - 4 = 0$$

$$2V_2 - 2V_1 + V_2 - 16 = 0$$

$$-2V_1 + 3V_2 = 16 \dots (2)$$

$$7V_1 = 46 \Rightarrow 3V_1 - V_2 = 10$$

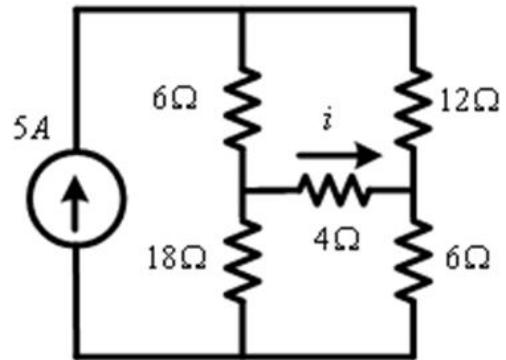
$$V_1 = \frac{46}{7}$$

$$V_2 = 3V_1 - 10 = 3 \cdot \frac{46}{7} - 10 =$$

$$V_2 = \frac{138 - 70}{7} = \frac{68}{7}$$

$$i = \frac{V_2 - V_1}{2} = \frac{\frac{68}{7} - \frac{46}{7}}{2} = \frac{22}{14} = \frac{11}{7} A$$

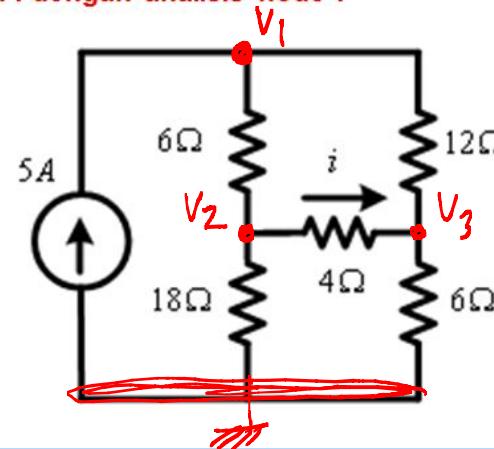
Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & -1 \\ -6 & 17 & -9 \\ -1 & -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ V_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 60 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} V_1 = 45 \\ V_2 = 27 \\ V_3 = 21 \end{array}$$

$$i = \frac{V_2 - V_3}{4} = \frac{27 - 21}{4} = \frac{6}{4} = 1,5 \text{ A}$$

Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



Node  $V_1$  :

$$\frac{V_1 - V_2}{6} + \frac{V_1 - V_3}{12} - 5 = 0$$

$$2V_1 - 2V_2 + V_1 - V_3 - 60 = 0$$

$$3V_1 - 2V_2 - V_3 = 60 \dots (1)$$

Node  $V_2$  :

$$\frac{V_2 - V_3}{4} + \frac{V_2 - V_1}{1} + \frac{V_2 - 0}{18} = 0$$

$$9V_2 - 9V_3 + 6V_2 - 6V_1 + 2V_2 = 0$$

$$-6V_1 + 17V_2 - 9V_3 = 0 \dots (2)$$

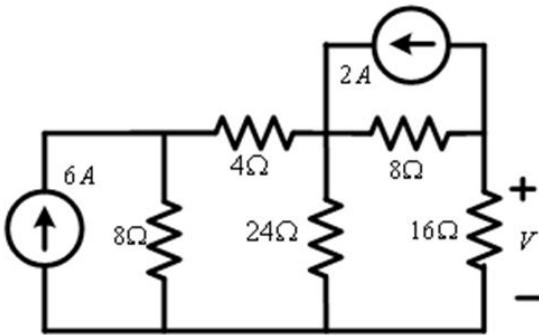
Node  $V_3$  :

$$\frac{V_1 - V_2}{4} + \frac{V_3 - V_1}{12} + \frac{V_3 - 0}{6} = 0$$

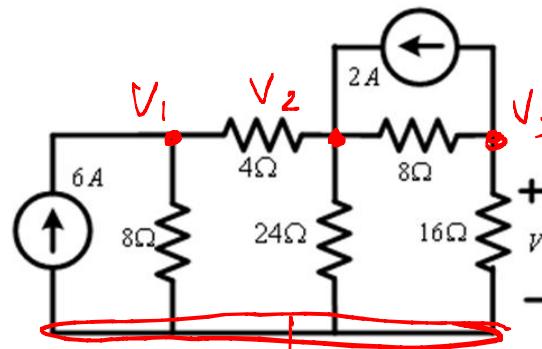
$$3V_3 - 3V_2 + V_3 - V_1 + 2V_3 = 0$$

$$-V_1 - 3V_2 + 6V_3 = 0 \dots (3)$$

Tentukan V dengan analisis node !



Tentukan V dengan analisis node !



$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & 0 \\ -6 & 10 & -3 \\ 0 & -2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ V_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 48 \\ 48 \\ -32 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} V_1 = 34,7 \\ V_2 = 28 \\ V_3 = 8 \end{matrix}$$

$$V = V_3 = 8V$$

Node  $V_1$ :

$$\frac{V_1 - V_2}{4} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{8} - 6 = 0$$

$$2V_1 - 2V_2 + V_1 - 48 = 0$$

$$3V_1 - 2V_2 = 48 \dots (1)$$

Node  $V_2$ :

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{4} + \frac{V_2 - 0}{24} + \frac{V_2 - V_3}{8} - 2 = 0$$

$$6V_2 - 6V_1 + V_2 + 3V_2 - 3V_3 - 48$$

$$-6V_1 + 10V_2 - 3V_3 = 48 \dots (2)$$

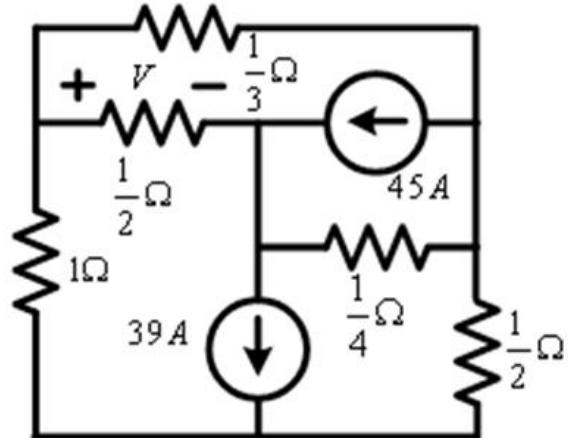
Node  $V_3$ :

$$\frac{V_3 - V_2}{8} + \frac{V_3 - 0}{16} + 2 = 0$$

$$2V_3 - 2V_2 + V_3 + 32 = 0$$

$$-2V_2 + 3V_3 = -32 \dots (3)$$

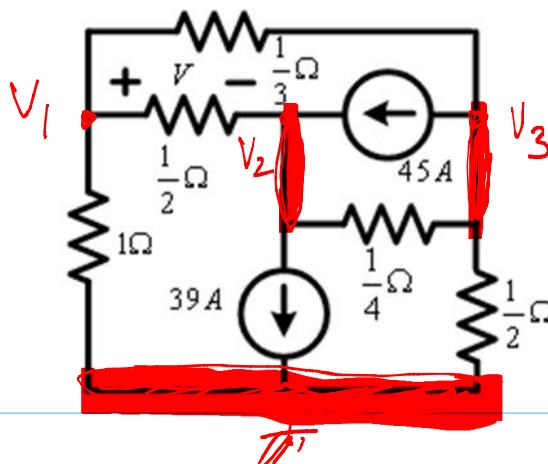
Tentukan V dengan analisis node !



$$\begin{pmatrix} 6 & -2 & -3 \\ -2 & 6 & -4 \\ -3 & -4 & 9 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ V_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 45 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} V_1 = 15 \\ V_2 = 22,5 \\ V_3 = 15 \end{array}$$

$$V = V_1 - V_2 = 15 - 22,5 = -7,5 \text{ V}$$

Tentukan V dengan analisis node !



Node V<sub>1</sub>:

Node V<sub>1</sub>:

$$\frac{V_1 - V_2}{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{V_1 - V_3}{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{1} = 0$$

$$2V_1 - 2V_2 + 3V_1 - 3V_3 + V_1 = 0$$

$$6V_1 - 2V_2 - 3V_3 = 0 \dots (1)$$

Node V<sub>2</sub>:

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{V_2 - V_3}{\frac{1}{4}} - 45 = 0$$

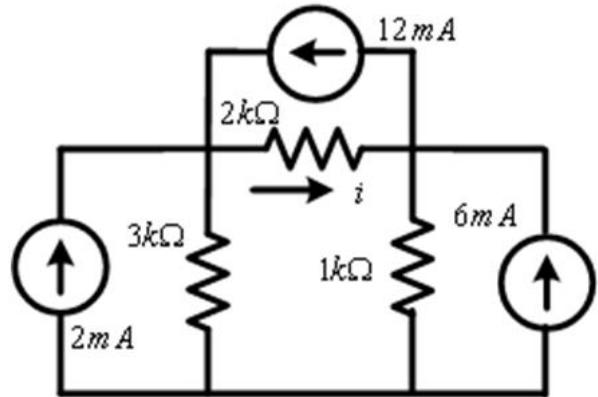
$$2V_2 - 2V_1 + 4V_2 - 4V_3 - 45 = 0$$

$$-2V_1 + 6V_2 - 4V_3 = 45 \dots (2)$$

$$3V_3 - 3V_1 + 4V_3 - 4V_2 + 2V_3 = 0$$

$$-3V_1 - 4V_2 + 9V_3 = 0 \dots (3)$$

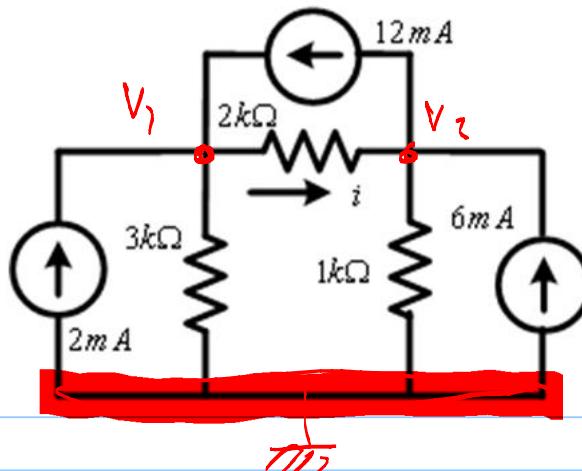
Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & -3 \\ -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 84 \\ -12 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} V_1 = 18 \\ V_2 = 2 \end{array}$$

$$i = \frac{V_1 - V_2}{2k} = \frac{18 - 2}{2k} = 5mA$$

Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



Node  $V_1$ :

$$\frac{V_1 - V_2}{2k} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{3k} - 2mA - 12mA = 0$$

$$3V_1 - 3V_2 + 2V_1 - 12 - 72 = 0$$

$$5V_1 - 3V_2 = 84 \dots (1)$$

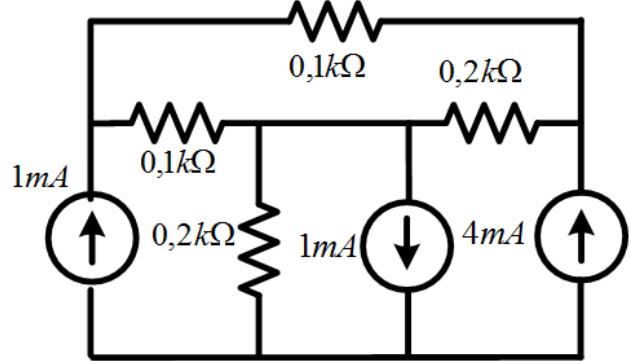
Node  $V_2$ :

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{2k} + \frac{V_2 - 0}{1k} + 12mA - 6mA = 0$$

$$V_2 - V_1 + 2V_2 + 24 - 12 = 0$$

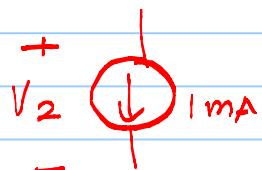
$$-V_1 + 3V_2 = -12 \dots (2)$$

Tentukan daya yang diserap sumber arus 1 mA dengan analisis node !

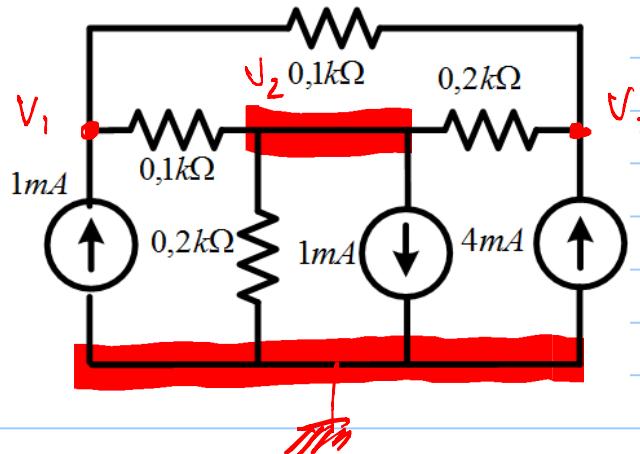


$$\begin{pmatrix} 20 & -10 & -10 \\ -10 & 20 & -5 \\ -10 & -5 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ V_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{aligned} V_1 &= 1,075 \text{ V} \\ V_2 &= 0,8 \text{ V} \\ V_3 &= 1,25 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$



Tentukan daya yang diserap sumber arus 1 mA dengan analisis node !



$$-10V_1 - 5V_2 + 15V_3 = 4 \dots (3)$$

$$P = V_2 I = 0,8 \cdot 1 \text{ mA} = 0,8 \text{ mW}$$

Menyerap

Node V<sub>1</sub>:

$$\frac{V_1 - V_2}{0,1k} + \frac{V_1 - V_3}{0,1k} - 1 \text{ mA} = 0$$

$$10V_1 - 10V_2 + 10V_1 - 10V_3 - 1 = 0$$

$$20V_1 - 10V_2 - 10V_3 = 1 \dots (1)$$

Node V<sub>2</sub>:

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{0,1k} + \frac{V_2 - V_3}{0,2k} + \frac{V_2 - 0}{0,2k} - 1 \text{ mA} = 0$$

$$10V_2 - 10V_1 + 5V_2 - 5V_3 + 5V_2 + 1 = 0$$

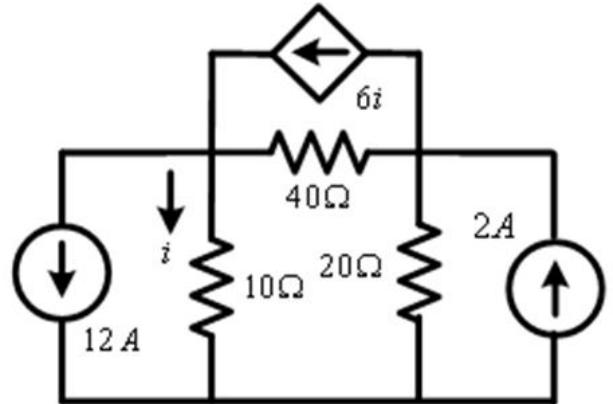
$$-10V_1 + 20V_2 - 5V_3 = -1 \dots (2)$$

Node V<sub>3</sub>:

$$\frac{V_3 - V_1}{0,1k} + \frac{V_3 - V_2}{0,2k} - 4 \text{ mA} = 0$$

$$10V_3 - 10V_1 + 5V_3 - 5V_2 - 4 = 0$$

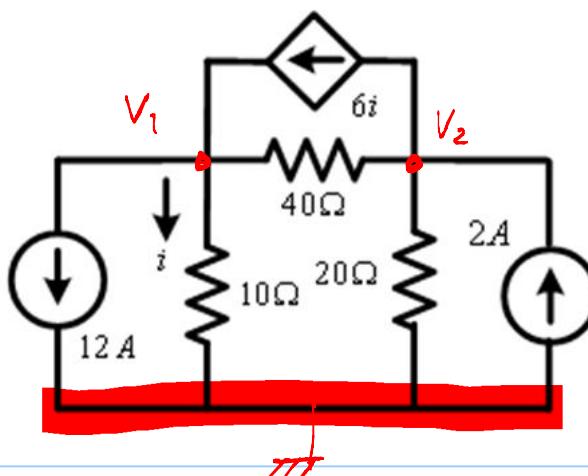
Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & -1 & -240 \\ -1 & 3 & 240 \\ 1 & 0 & -10 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ i \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -480 \\ 80 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} V_1 = 40 \\ V_2 = -280 \\ i = 4 \end{array}$$

$$i = 4A$$

Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



Node  $V_1$ :

$$\frac{V_1 - V_2}{40} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{10} - 6i + 12 = 0$$

$$V_1 - V_2 + 4V_1 - 240i + 480 = 0$$

$$5V_1 - V_2 - 240i = -480 \dots (1)$$

Node  $V_2$ :

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{40} - \frac{V_2 - 0}{20} + 6i - 2 = 0$$

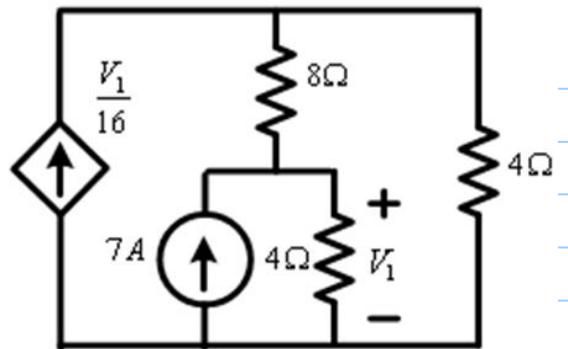
$$V_2 - V_1 + 2V_2 + 240i - 80 = 0$$

$$-V_1 + 3V_2 + 240i = 80 \dots (2)$$

$$i = \frac{V_1 - 0}{10}$$

$$V_1 - 10i = 0 \dots (3)$$

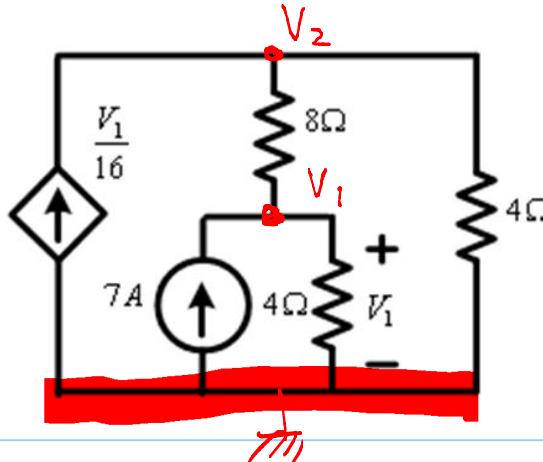
Tentukan  $V_1$  dengan analisis node !



$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 56 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} V_1 = 22,4 \\ V_2 = 11,2 \end{array}$$

$$V_1 = 22,4 \text{ V}$$

Tentukan  $V_1$  dengan analisis node !



Node  $V_1$ :

$$\frac{V_1 - V_2}{8} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{4} - 7 = 0$$

$$V_1 - V_2 + 2V_1 - 56 = 0$$

$$3V_1 - V_2 = 56 \dots (1)$$

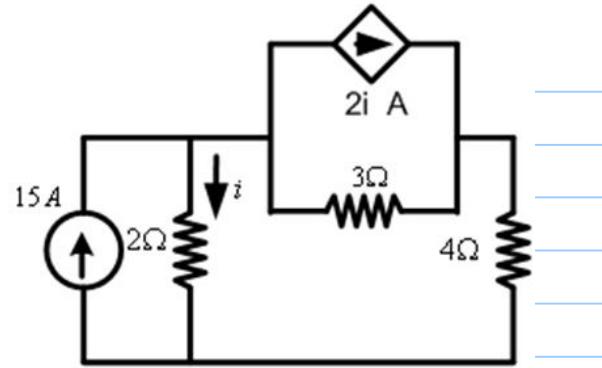
Node  $V_2$ :

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{8} + \frac{V_2 - 0}{4} - \frac{V_1}{16} = 0$$

$$2V_2 - 2V_1 + 4V_2 - V_1 = 0$$

$$-3V_1 + 6V_2 = 0 \dots (2)$$

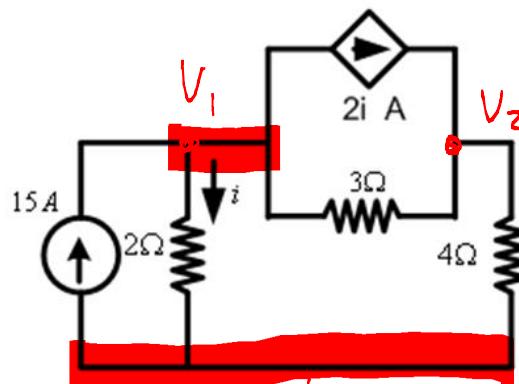
Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & -2 & 12 \\ -4 & 7 & -24 \\ 1 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ i \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 90 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} V_1 = 14 \\ V_2 = 32 \\ i = 7 \end{array}$$

$$i = 7A$$

Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



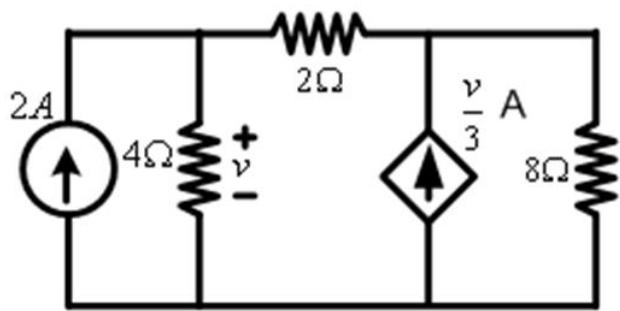
Node  $V_1$  :

$$\frac{V_1 - 0}{2} + \frac{V_1 - V_2}{3} + 2i - 15 = 0$$
$$3V_1 + 2V_1 - 2V_2 + 12i - 90 = 0$$
$$5V_1 - 2V_2 + 12i = 90 \dots (1)$$

Node  $V_2$  :

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{3} + \frac{V_2 - 0}{4} - 2i = 0$$
$$4V_2 - 4V_1 + 3V_2 - 24i = 0$$
$$-4V_1 + 7V_2 - 24i = 0 \dots (2)$$
$$i = \frac{V_1 - 0}{2}$$
$$V_1 - 2i = 0 \dots (3)$$

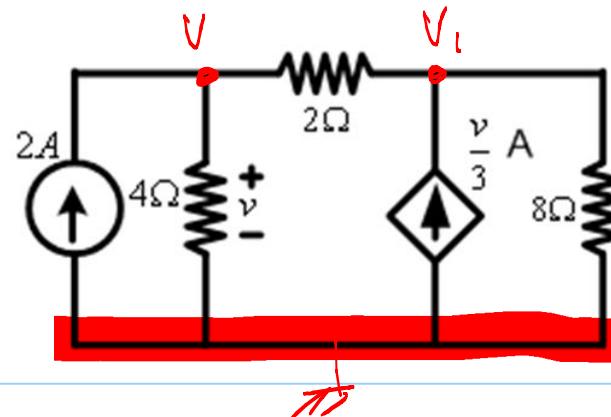
Tentukan v dengan analisis node !



$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ -20 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V \\ V_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} V = 24 \\ V_1 = 32 \end{array}$$

$$V = 24 \text{ V}$$

Tentukan v dengan analisis node !



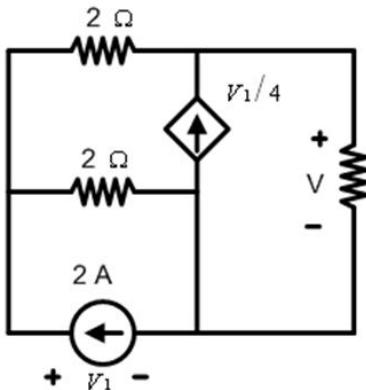
Node V :

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{V-0}{4} + \frac{V-V_1}{2} - 2 &= 0 \\ V + 2V - 2V_1 - 8 &= 0 \\ 3V - 2V_1 &= 8 \dots (1) \end{aligned}$$

Node V1 :

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{V_1-V}{2} + \frac{V_1-0}{8} - \frac{V}{3} &= 0 \\ 12V_1 - 12V + 3V_1 - 8V &= 0 \\ -20V + 15V_1 &= 0 \dots (2) \end{aligned}$$

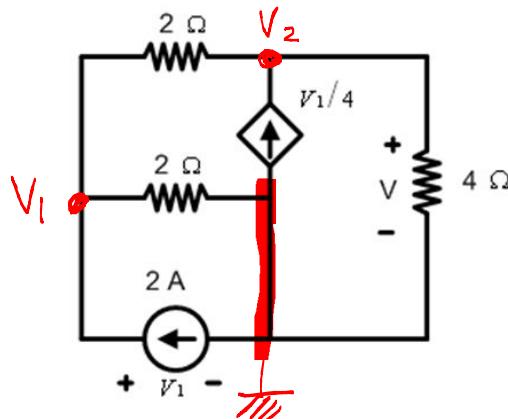
Tentukan  $V_1$  dengan analisis node !



$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -3 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} V_1 = 4 \\ V_2 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$V_1 = 4 \text{ volt}$$

Tentukan  $V_1$  dengan analisis node !



Node  $V_1$ :

$$\frac{V_1 - V_2}{2} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{2} - 2 = 0$$

$$V_1 - V_2 + V_1 - 4 = 0$$

$$2V_1 - V_2 = 4 \dots (1)$$

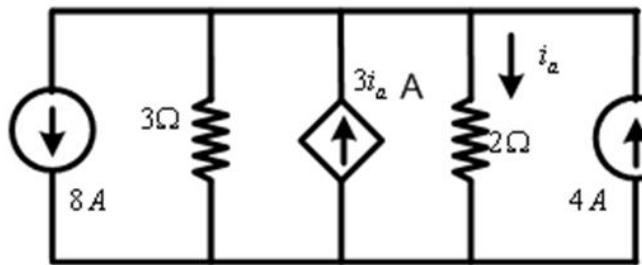
Node  $V_2$ :

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{2} + \frac{V_2 - 0}{4} - \frac{V_1}{4} = 0$$

$$2V_2 - 2V_1 + V_2 - V_1 = 0$$

$$-3V_1 + 3V_2 = 0 \dots (2)$$

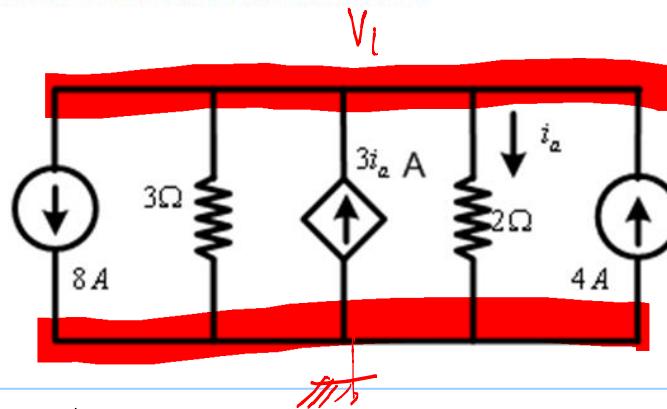
Tentukan  $i_a$  dengan analisis node !



$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -18 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ i_a \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -24 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} V_1 = 4 \\ i_a = 2 \end{matrix}$$

$$i_a = 2A$$

Tentukan  $i_a$  dengan analisis node !



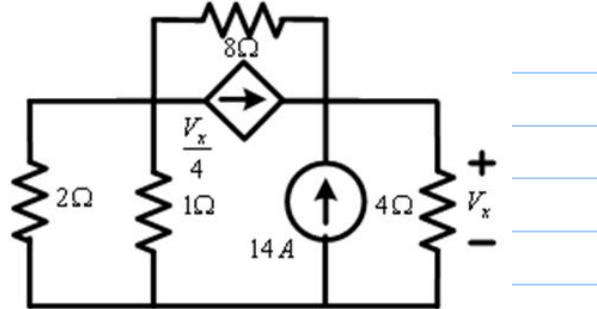
Node  $V_1$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{V_1 - 0}{3} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{2} + 8 - 4 - 3i_a &= 0 \\ 2V_1 + 3V_1 + 48 - 24 - 18i_a &= 0 \\ 3V_1 - 18i_a &= -24 \dots (1) \end{aligned}$$

$$i_a = \frac{V_1 - 0}{2}$$

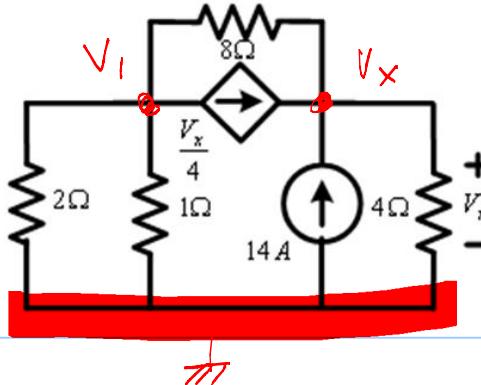
$$V_1 - 2i_a = 0 \dots (2)$$

Tentukan  $V_x$  dengan analisis node !



$$\begin{pmatrix} 13 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_x \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 112 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow V_1 = -8, V_x = 104$$

Tentukan  $V_x$  dengan analisis node !



$$V_x = 104 \text{ V}$$

Node  $V_1$ :

$$\frac{V_1 - V_x}{8} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{2} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{1} + \frac{V_x}{4} = 0$$

$$V_1 - V_x + 4V_1 + 8V_1 + 2V_x = 0$$

$$13V_1 + V_x = 0 \dots (1)$$

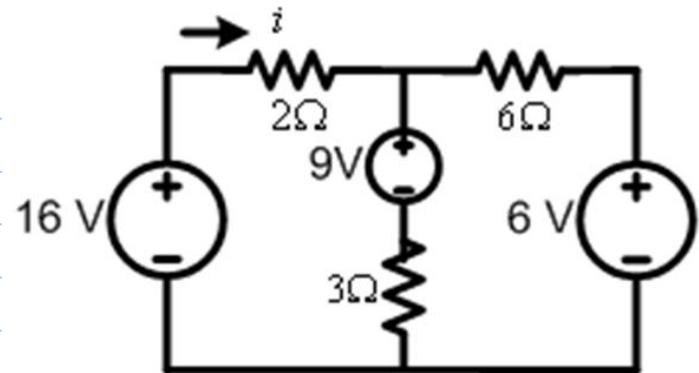
Node  $V_x$ :

$$\frac{V_x - 0}{4} + \frac{V_x - V_1}{8} - \frac{V_x}{4} - 14 = 0$$

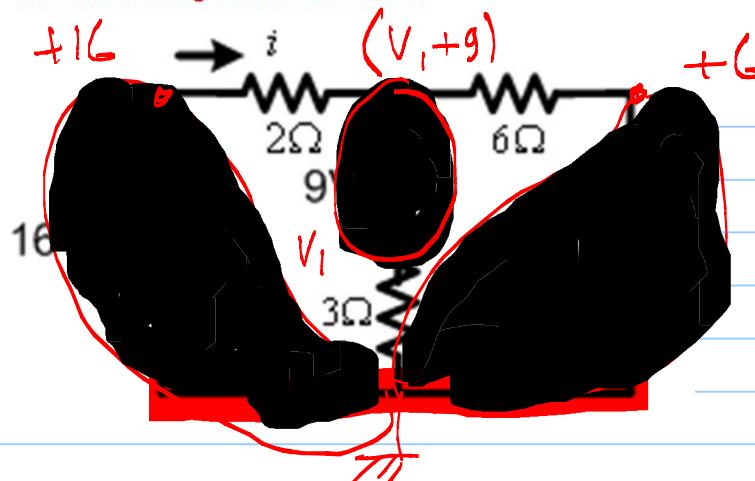
~~$$2V_x + V_x - V_1 - 2V_x - 112 = 0$$~~

$$-V_1 + V_x = 112 \dots (2)$$

Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



Node  $V_1$  :

$$\frac{(V_1+9)-16}{2} + \frac{(V_1+9)-6}{6} + \frac{V_1-0}{3} = 0$$

$$3V_1 - 15 + V_1 + 3 + 2V_1 = 0$$

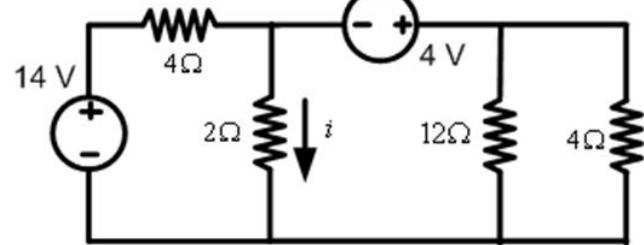
$$6V_1 - 12 = 0$$

$$V_1 = \frac{12}{6} = 2$$

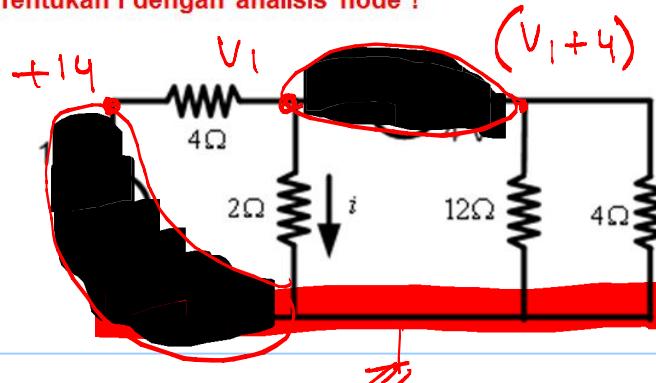
$$i = \frac{16 - (V_1 + 9)}{2}$$

$$i = \frac{16 - (2+9)}{2} = \underline{\underline{2,5A}}$$

Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



Node  $V_1$ :

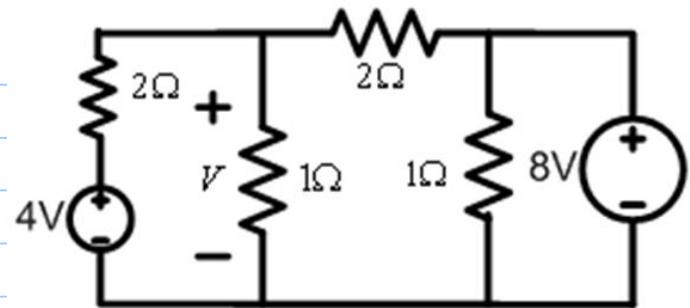
$$\frac{V_1 - 14}{4} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{2} + \frac{(V_1 + 4) - 0}{12} + \frac{(V_1 + 4) - 0}{4} = 0$$

$$3V_1 - 42 + 6V_1 + V_1 + 4 + 3V_1 + 12 = 0$$

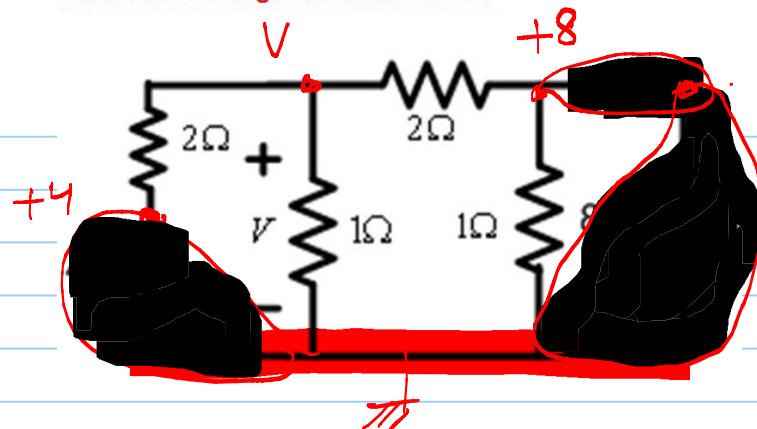
$$13V_1 - 26 = 0$$

$$V_1 = \frac{26}{13} = 2 \Rightarrow i = \frac{V_1 - 0}{2} = \frac{2 - 0}{2} = 1A$$

Tentukan V dengan analisis node !



Tentukan V dengan analisis node !



Node V:

$$\frac{V-4}{2} + \frac{V-0}{1} + \frac{V-8}{2} = 0$$

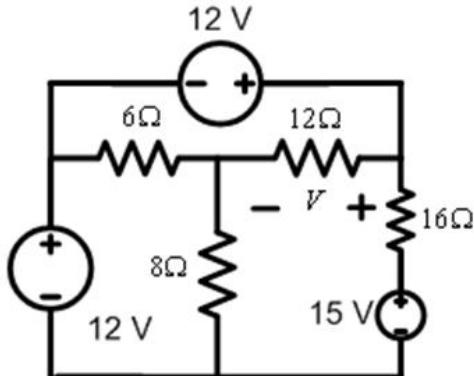
$$V - 4 + 2V + V - 8 = 0$$

$$3V - 12 = 0$$

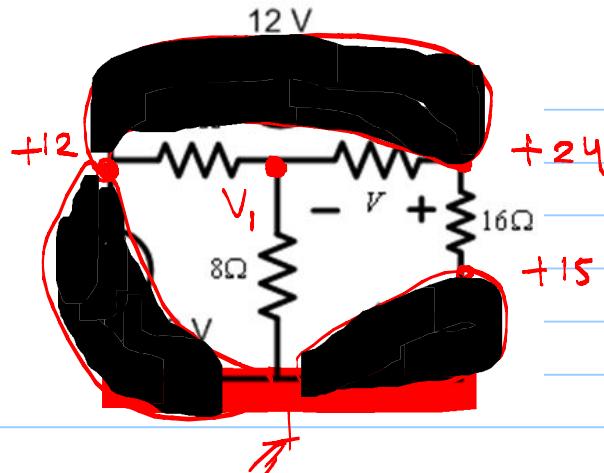
$$V = \frac{12}{3} = 4$$

$$V = 4 \text{ volt}$$

Tentukan  $V$  dengan analisis node !



Tentukan  $V$  dengan analisis node !



Node  $V_1$ :

$$\frac{V_1 - 12}{6} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{8} + \frac{V_1 - 24}{12} = 0$$

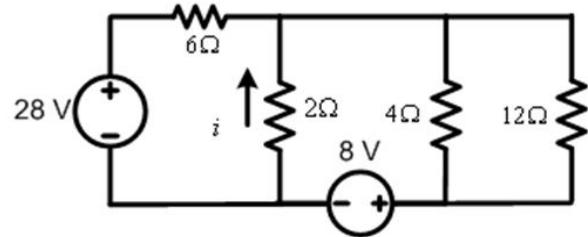
$$4V_1 - 48 + 3V_1 + 2V_1 - 48 = 0$$

$$9V_1 - 96 = 0 \Rightarrow V_1 = \frac{96}{9} = \frac{32}{3}$$

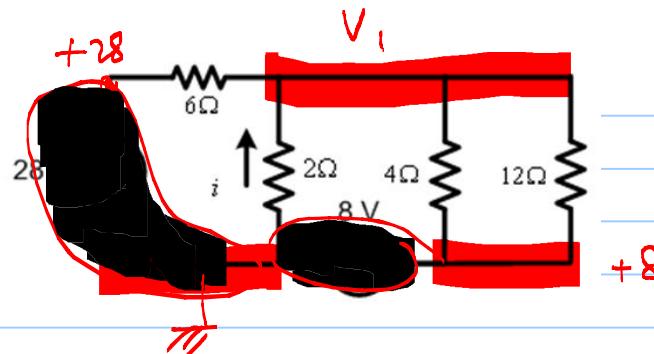
$$V = 24 - V_1 = 24 - \frac{32}{3} \\ = \frac{72 - 32}{3}$$

$$V = \frac{40}{3} \text{ volt}$$

Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



Node  $V_1$ :

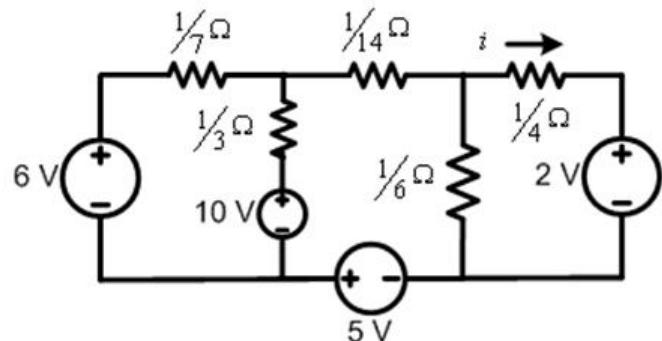
$$\frac{V_1 - 28}{6} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{2} + \frac{V_1 - 8}{4} + \frac{V_1 - 8}{12} = 0$$

$$2V_1 - 56 + 6V_1 + 3V_1 - 24 + V_1 - 8 = 0$$

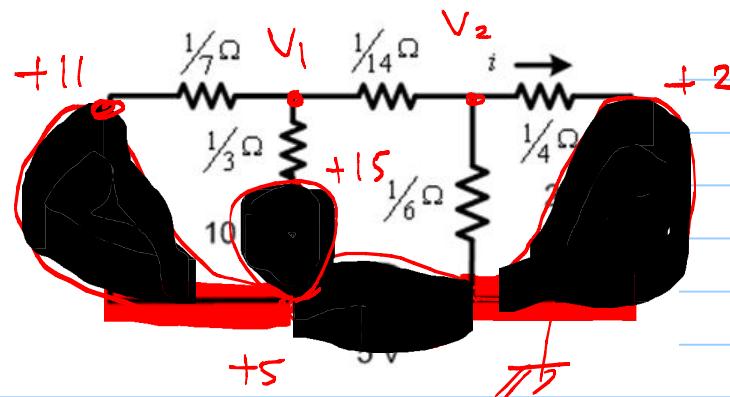
$$12V_1 - 88 = 0$$

$$V_1 = \frac{88}{12} \Rightarrow i = \frac{0 - \frac{88}{12}}{2} = -\frac{44}{12} = -\frac{22}{6} = \frac{-11}{3} A$$

Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !



Node  $V_1$ :

$$\frac{V_1 - 11}{\frac{1}{7}} + \frac{V_1 - 15}{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{V_1 - V_2}{\frac{1}{14}} = 0$$

$$7V_1 - 77 + 3V_1 - 45 + 14V_1 - 14V_2 = 0$$

$$24V_1 - 14V_2 = 112 \dots (1)$$

Node  $V_2$ :

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{\frac{1}{14}} + \frac{V_2 - 2}{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{V_2 - 0}{\frac{1}{5}} = 0$$

$$14V_2 - 14V_1 + 4V_2 - 8 + 5V_2 = 0$$

$$-14V_1 + 24V_2 = 8 \dots (2)$$

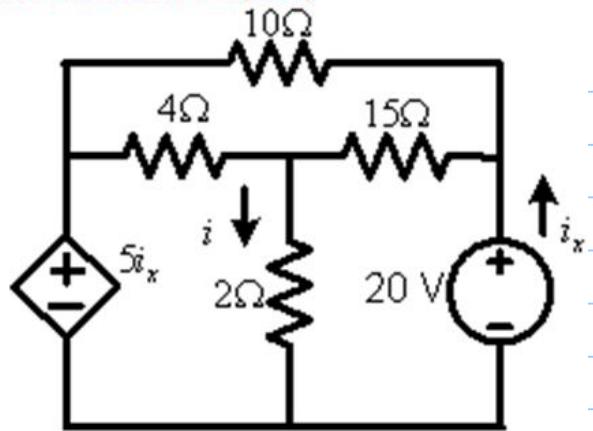
$$\begin{pmatrix} 24 & -14 \\ -14 & 24 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 112 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_1 = 7,37$$

$$V_2 = 4,63$$

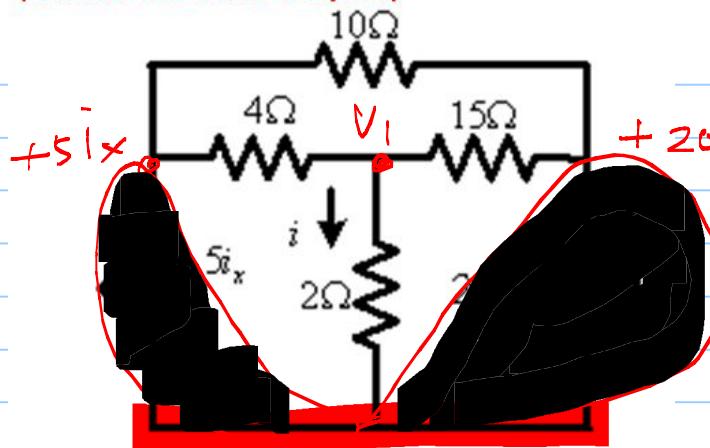
$$i = \frac{V_2 - 2}{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{4,63 - 2}{\frac{1}{4}} = 10,52 \text{ A}$$

Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !  
(sumber  $5i_x$  dalam Ampere)



$$\begin{pmatrix} 4g & -2s \\ -2 & -4s \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ i_x \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 80 \\ -40 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} V_1 = 2,8 \\ i_x = 0,76 \end{array}$$

Tentukan  $i$  dengan analisis node !  
(sumber  $5i_x$  dalam Ampere)



$$i = \frac{V_1 - 0}{2} = \frac{2,8 - 0}{2} = 1,4 \text{ A}$$

Node  $V_1$ :

$$\frac{V_1 - 5i_x}{4} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{2} + \frac{V_1 - w}{15} = 0$$

$$15V_1 - 75i_x + 30V_1 + 4V_1 - 80 = 0$$

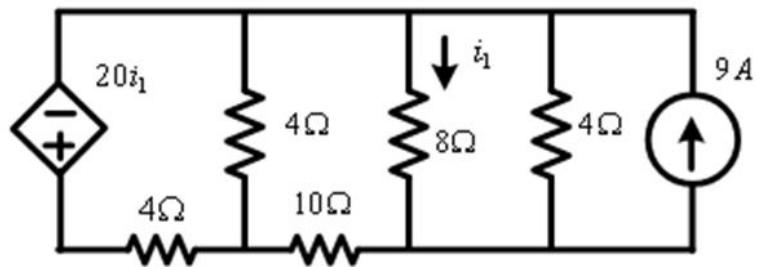
$$49V_1 - 75i_x = 80 \dots (1)$$

$$i_x = \frac{20 - V_1}{15} + \frac{20 - 5i_x}{10}$$

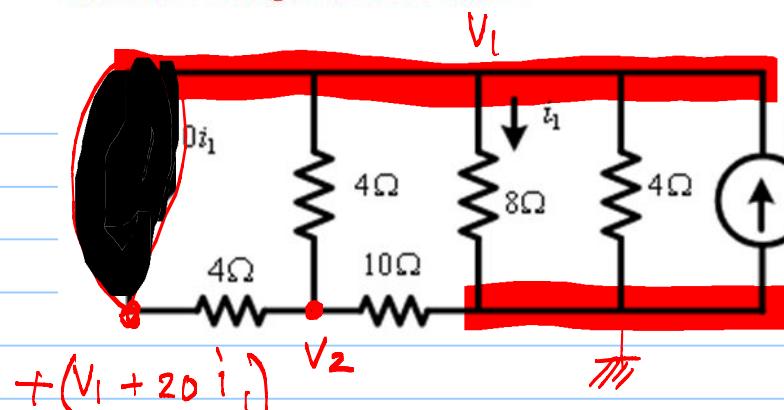
$$30i_x = 40 - 2V_1 + 60 - 15i_x$$

$$-2V_1 - 45i_x = -40 \dots (2)$$

Tentukan  $i_1$  dengan analisis node !



Tentukan  $i_1$  dengan analisis node !



$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & -4 & 40 \\ -10 & 12 & -100 \\ 1 & 0 & -8 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ i_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 72 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_1 &= 16 \\ V_2 &= 30 \\ i_1 &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$i_r = 2A$$

Node  $V_1$

$$\frac{V_1 - V_2}{4} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{8} + \frac{V_1 - 0}{4} - 9 + \frac{(V_1 + 20i_1) - V_2}{4} = 0$$

$$2V_1 - 2V_2 + V_1 + 2V_1 - 72 + 2V_1 + 40i_1 - 2V_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_1 - 4V_2 + 40i_1 = 72 \dots (1)$$

Node  $V_2$  :

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{4} + \frac{V_2 - 0}{10} + V_2 - \frac{(V_1 + 20i_1)}{4} = 0$$

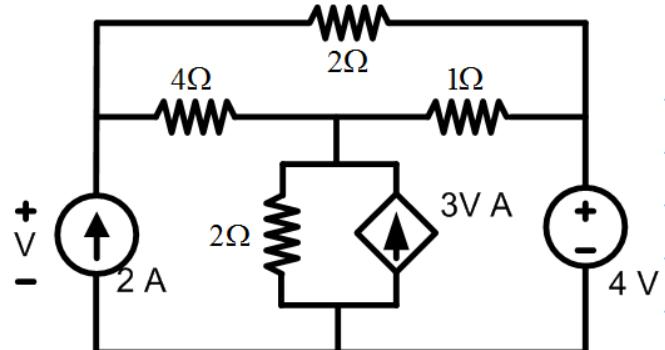
$$5V_2 - 5V_1 + 2V_2 + 5V_2 - 5V_1 - 100i_1 = 0$$

$$-10V_1 + 12V_2 - 100i_1 = 0 \dots (2)$$

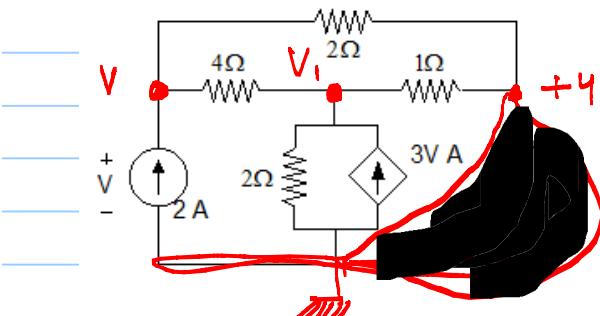
$$V_1 = 8i_1$$

$$V_1 - 8i_1 = 0 \dots (3)$$

Tentukan V dengan analisis node !



16. Tentukan tegangan V dengan analisis node !



Node V :

$$\frac{V-V_1}{4} + \frac{V-4}{2} - 2 = 0$$

$$V - V_1 + 2V - 8 - 8 = 0$$

$$3V - V_1 = 16 \dots (1)$$

Node V<sub>1</sub>

$$\frac{V_1-V}{4} + \frac{V_1-4}{1} + \frac{V_1-0}{2} - 3V = 0$$

$$V_1 - V + 4V_1 - 16 + 2V_1 - 12V = 0$$

$$-13V + 7V_1 = 16 \dots (2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3V - V_1 &= 16 \\ -13V + 7V_1 &= 16 \end{aligned} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \times 7 \\ \times 1 \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} 21V - 7V_1 &= 112 \\ -13V + 7V_1 &= 16 \end{aligned} +$$

$$8V = 128$$

$$V = 16V$$

